CLAIMS

1. A T-type calcium channel blocker that is a compound of formula (1), a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof or a solvate thereof:

$$Z \xrightarrow{Ar^1} CO_2R^3$$

$$R^a \xrightarrow{N} R^b$$
(1)

wherein

Ar¹ is phenyl group, pyridyl group, furyl group or 2,1,3-benzoxadiazol-4-yl group (the phenyl group, pyridyl group, furyl group and 2,1,3-benzoxadiazol-4-yl group may be arbitrarily substituted with one or two substituents selected from NO₂, CF₃, Br, Cl, F, C₁₋₂₀alkyl group, OH, OR⁶, OCHF₂, COOR⁶, NH₂, NHR⁶, NR⁶R⁷, CONH₂, CONHR⁶, CONR⁶R⁷, COSR⁶, SR⁶, S(O)R⁶, S(O)₂R⁶, SO₃H, SO₃R⁶, SO₂NH₂, SO₂NHR⁶, SO₂NR⁶R⁷, CN and phenyloxy group, wherein R⁶ and R⁷ are independently of each other C₁₋₈alkyl group;

nitrogen-containing hetero ring moiety is 1,4-dihydropyridine ring or pyridine ring; Z is a group of formula (2)

wherein R^4 and R^5 are independently of each other OH, C_{1-6} alkoxy group, C_{3-6} alkenyloxy group, C_{3-6} alkynyloxy group, OAr², OANR⁶R², OAN(CH₂Ar²)R⁶, OAOR⁶, OACN, NH₂, NHR⁶, NR⁶R², 1-pyperidinyl group or 1-pyrrolidinyl group, or R^4 and R^5 together are OYO, NHYO, R⁶NYO, NHYNH, R⁶NYNH or R⁶NYNR² wherein R^6 and R^7 are as defined above,

 Ar^2 is phenyl group (the phenyl group may be arbitrarily substituted with halogen atom, C_{1-3} alkyl group or C_{1-3} alkoxy group),

A is C_{2-8} alkylene group (the C_{2-8} alkylene group may be arbitrarily substituted with C_{1-3} alkyl group or Ar^2), and

Y is straight-chain C_{24} alkylene group (the C_{24} alkylene group may be arbitrarily substituted with $C_{1.8}$ alkyl group, $C_{1.8}$ alkoxy group, $C_{1.8}$ alkoxy group group or Ar^2), or Z is CO_2R^2 , wherein R^2 is $C_{1.8}$ alkyl group (the $C_{1.6}$ alkyl group may be arbitrarily substituted with $C_{1.3}$ alkoxy group);

Ra and Rb are independently of each other C1.8alkyl group, ANRBR, CH2OANRBR, Ar2,

CH=CHAr², $CH_2CH(OH)Ar^2$, CHO, CN, CH_2OH , CH_2OR^8 , $AN(CH_2CH_2)_2NR^8$ or NR^8R^9 , wherein R^8 and R^9 are independently of each other hydrogen atom, C_{1-8} alkyl group (the C_{1-8} alkyl group may be arbitrarily substituted with phenyl group, wherein the phenyl group may be arbitrarily substituted with C_{1-8} alkoxy group or halogen atom) or phenyl group (the phenyl group may be arbitrarily substituted with C_{1-8} alkoxy group or halogen atom),

Ar² and A are as defined above:

in case where the nitrogen-containing hetero ring moiety is 1,4-dihydropyridine ring, R^1 is $C_{1.6}$ alkyl group, ANR^6R^9 , $AN(CH_2CH_2)_2NR^6$, $AN(CH_2CH_2)_2O$, AOR^8 or benzyl group, wherein R^8 , R^9 and A are as defined above; and

 R^3 is hydrogen atom, C_{1-20} alkyl group, C_{2-8} alkenyl group or C_{2-8} alkynyl group (C_{1-20} alkyl group, C_{2-8} alkenyl group and C_{2-8} alkynyl group may be arbitrarily substituted with phenyl group, wherein the phenyl group may be arbitrarily substituted with C_{1-8} alkoxy group or halogen atom), ANR⁸R⁹ or a group of formula

$$-A-N \qquad N-R^8 \qquad -A-N \qquad N-R^8 \qquad ,$$

$$N-R^8 \qquad -CH_2 \qquad N^{-R^8} \qquad Or \qquad (CH_2)_q \qquad Or \qquad (CH_2)_q$$

wherein R⁸, R⁹ and A are as defined above, o and p are independently of each other 3 or 4, and q is 1, 2 or 3.

2. The T-type calcium channel blocker according to claim 1, wherein R³ is ANR⁸R⁹ or a group of formula

wherein R^8 , R^9 , A, o, q and p are as defined above; and R^5 is C_{1-8} alkyl group.

- 3. The T-type calcium channel blocker according to claim 2, wherein R^{b} is C_{1-8} alkyl group, CN or NH₂.
- 4. The T-type calcium channel blocker according to claim 1, wherein R^b is ANR⁸R⁸, CH2OANR8R9 or CH2CH2N(CH2CH2)2NR8, wherein

A, R⁸ and R⁹ are as defined above:

 R^3 is C_{1-20} alkyl group, C_{2-6} alkenyl group or C_{2-6} alkynyl group (C_{1-20} alkyl group, C_{2-s}alkenyl group and C_{2-s}alkynyl group may be arbitrarily substituted with phenyl group, wherein the phenyl group may be arbitrarily substituted with C_{1-6} alkoxy group or halogen atom); and

R⁵ is C_{1-s}alkyl group.

- 5. The T-type calcium channel blocker according to any one of claims 1 to 4, wherein the nitrogen-containing hetero ring moiety is 1,4-dihydropyridine ring; and Z is a group of formula (2).
- 6. The T-type calcium channel blocker according to claim 5, wherein R4 and R5 together are OYO, NHYO, R⁶NYO, NHYNH, R⁶NYNH or R⁶NYNR⁷, wherein Y is straight-chain C24alkylene group (the C24alkylene group may be substituted with C_{1-s}alkyl group, C_{1-s}alkoxy group, C_{1-s}alkoxycarbonyl group or Ar²).
- 7. The T-type calcium channel blocker according to claim 6, wherein Ar1 is phenyl group, 3-nitrophenyl group, 2-nitrophenyl group, 3-chlorophenyl group, 3-methoxyphenyl group, 2-methoxyphenyl group, 2-trifluoromethylphenyl group, 3-trifluoromethylphenyl group, 4-pyridyl group, 3-pyridyl group, 2-pyridyl group or 2,3-dichlorophenyl group.
- 8. The T-type calcium channel blocker according to any one of claims 1 to 4, wherein the nitrogen-containing hetero ring moiety is pyridine ring; and Z is a group of formula (2).
- 9. The T-type calcium channel blocker according to claim 8, wherein R⁴ and R⁵ together are OYO, NHYO, R⁶NYO, NHYNH, R⁶NYNH or R⁶NYNR⁷, wherein Y is straight-chain C₂₄alkylene group (the C₂₄alkylene group may be arbitrarily substituted with C_{1-s}alkyl group, C_{1-s}alkoxy group, C_{1-s}alkoxycarbonyl group or Ar²).

- 10. The T-type calcium channel blocker according to claim 9, wherein Ar¹ is phenyl group, 3-nitrophenyl group, 2-nitrophenyl group, 3-chlorophenyl group, 2-chlorophenyl group, 3-methoxyphenyl group, 2-methoxyphenyl group, 2-trifluoromethylphenyl group, 3-trifluoromethylphenyl group, 4-pyridyl group, 3-pyridyl group, 2-pyridyl group or 2,3-dichlorophenyl group.
- 11. The T-type calcium channel blocker according to any one of claims 1 to 4, wherein the nitrogen-containing hetero ring moiety is 1,4-dihydropyridine ring; and Z is CO₂R².
- 12. The T-type calcium channel blocker according to claim 11, wherein Ar¹ is phenyl group, 3-nitrophenyl group, 2-nitrophenyl group, 3-chlorophenyl group, 2-chlorophenyl group, 3-methoxyphenyl group, 2-methoxyphenyl group, 2-trifluoromethylphenyl group, 3-trifluoromethylphenyl group, 4-pyridyl group, 3-pyridyl group, 2-pyridyl group or 2,3-dichlorophenyl group.
- 13. The T-type calcium channel blocker according to any one of claims 1 to 4, wherein the nitrogen-containing hetero ring moiety is pyridine ring; and Z is CO₂R².
- 14. The T-type calcium channel blocker according to claim 13, wherein Ar¹ is phenyl group, 3-nitrophenyl group, 2-nitrophenyl group, 3-chlorophenyl group, 2-chlorophenyl group, 3-methoxyphenyl group, 2-methoxyphenyl group, 2-trifluoromethylphenyl group, 3-trifluoromethylphenyl group, 4-pyridyl group, 3-pyridyl group, 2-pyridyl group or 2,3-dichlorophenyl group.
- 15. A pharmaceutical containing the T-type calcium channel blocker according to claim 1.
- 16. The pharmaceutical according to claim 15, wherein the pharmaceutical is a therapeutic or preventive agent against a disease for which T-type calcium channel blocking action is effective.
- 17. The pharmaceutical according to claim 16, wherein the disease is hypercardia,

heart failure, cardiomyopathy, atrial fibrillation, tachyarrhythmia, arterial sclerosis, nephritis, nephropathy, renal disorder, renal insufficiency, inflammation, edema, hyper-aldosteronism, neurogenic pain, epilepsy or cancer.

- 18. A method for preventing or treating hypercardia, heart failure, cardiornyopathy, atrial fibrillation, tachyarrhythmia, arterial sclerosis, nephritis, nephropathy, renal disorder, renal insufficiency, inflammation, edema, hyper-aldosteronism, neurogenic pain, epilepsy or cancer, comprising administering an effective amount of the compound of formula (1), a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof or a solvate thereof according to claim 1.
- 19. Use of the compound of formula (1), a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof or a solvate thereof according to claim 1 for the manufacture of a preventive agent or a therapeutic agent for hypercardia, heart failure, cardiomyopathy, atrial fibrillation, tachyarrhythmia, arterial sclerosis, nephritis, nephropathy, renal disorder, renal insufficiency, inflammation, edema, hyper-aldosteronism, neurogenic pain, epilepsy or cancer.